Amusing Scraps-Annual Reports-Thunder and Lightning in Store for the Public-Notes.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.] WASHINGTON, August 26 .- The action of the Alexandria Convention was no surprise to those who were well informed of the difficulties in the way to a nomination. It is now said that the whole matter will be taken in hand by the District Committee, who will refer it back to the primaries in the counties That is to say, the appointment of delegates for a new convention will have to be done over. In the event the old delegates are rechosen the hitch will be resumed. But it is cartain that in some instances new delegates will be selected. The Lee men refused to make a compromise, and, as they had a majority and the opposition declined to vield, there was no way out of it but to adjourn after a sufficient trial had been made.

There are some scraps of information worth reading from the Fifth congressional district of North Carolina. Reid is opposed by two Republicans, Colonel J. R. Winston and Mr. Charles Reynolds. Reynolds was formerly deputy collector of the internal revenue, while Winston was an applicant for the position of collector pending the fight between Wheeler and Douglass. There is on file here in the Treasury Department some very ugly charges against Reynolds made by Goslin, editor of the party or-gan, the Winston Republican. Goslin now supports Reynolds and abuses Reid for appointing his law partner collector of that district. Altogether there is something very amusing in the sort of canvass the lately revenge-ridden Republican party in that State are making against the Democrats who are now administering the law.

## RICHMOND CUSTOM-HOUSE.

At the office of the supervising architect of the Treasury I learn that the work on the Richmond customhouse is to be pushed with vigor. A great deal of such work is to be done. but I am assured that nothing shall prevent the progress of the Richmond sustom-house. No particulars were accessible, but the general statement was emphatic, having been several times repeated.

ANNUAL REPORTS.

Some of the chiefs in the departments are making out their annual reports. Some very lively thunder, possibly some lightning, is in store for the public. Heretofore the fact that so many of the offices have been held by that party has prevented the revelations that were expected of Republican depravity. The reports this fall will be made by Democrats to a large extent, and no such reasons for hiding corruption will exist. NOTES

Mr. Reid has secured a stamp-office for the internal revenue service at

Colorel George B. Clark, chief of the internal-revenue division embracing North Carolina, is in the city.

Major J. W. Foster, of Loudoun, one of the candidates at the Alexandria Convention, is in the city. A number of the delegates are known to be here. Mr. C. H. Talbott of Richmond, Mrs. C. C. Hamilton of Staunton, Messrs. J. Norris, W. D. Hempston, and W. W. Antry of Leesburg were here yes-

ong other arrivals are Messrs. A. B. Dabney and E. L. Akers, of Lynch-Mrs. W. J. David, of Charlotte, and Mr. S. Otho Wilson, of Raleigh, are

Mr. Benedict and wife, of Loudoun, Nicholis, of the same county are also in the city.

The fourth-class post-offices at Oneida, Franklin county : Lowgap, Lee county; Mantapike, King and Queen county, and Moonlight, Isle of Wight county, have been discontinued. The mails go, respectively, to Progress, Caney Hollow, King and Queen Courthouse, and Ferguson's Wharf.

THE NEW YORK CAR RIOTS

The Mituation Yesterday - Riotous

Scenes Along the Lines. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] YORK, August 26. - Cars started out early on Broadway, but under a strong police protection. crowd was tolerated anywhere. When car No. 290 of the Broadway line got dewn to Forty-fourth street, about a quarter to 10 o'clock, the strikers and roughs were watching it in large force, but they kept moving. The driver of a wagon obstructed the car at a crossing, and the mob attacked the car and threw it off the track. A wild scene occurred for a few minutes, and thousands of persons in the vicinity were attracted the spot. Squads of police came down and began some promiscuous clubbing. Several arrests were made, and the triangular square at the junction of Broadway and Seventh avenue was cleared with the exception of the crowds that lined the sidewalks on the Seventh-avenue side. Captain Killilea came down from the depot and took charge of the police and soon restored order. Several Broadway cars came down and passed without molestation, while the desperate and angry mob watched for the opportunity to obstruct them. Stones and bricks were hurled at several of the cars at intervals, but no serious injury was done to person or property. That considerable bad blood was abroad during the night was indicated by the police returns. Besides the fights and shooting affrays between the strikers and "scabs" reported in the papers, some of which figured in the Police Courts to-day, five cases of broken heads were reported, in which the unknown assailants escaped. The fights all took place on the West Side, in the camp of the strikers. A strong force of police has been sta-

It is feared that unless there is some settlement to-night there will be a general tie-up to-merrow. A gang of strikers and other rowdies have been haunting the stables of the Belt Line. at Twenty-third street and North avenue, all day, spoiling for fights. cars were run from there to-day. There were several slight disturbances, but the police on guard are preserving order. A plot is said to be on foot to blow up the Third-Avenue railroad depot, but precautions have been taken against such an occurrence. The breatening mob near the stables, at Fiftieth street and Seventh avenue, was quickly dispersed by the police.

tioned at the Forty-fourth-street switch.

and orders have been issued that it is

to be protected at all hazards. Captain

Killilea spoke to the police, and inti-

mated that if any car fails to get through,

and the officers return alive, they might

as well resign from the force. The

Broadway company have evidently no

intention to give in to the strikers.

Patal Bailroad Accident. telegraph to the Dispatch. crossing of the Beeline and Panhandle

railroads at Milford Centre. The Pan-handle freight was standing on the track when the Beeline through passenger train from Cincinnati dashed into it at full speed. Mr. Marshall, of Milford Centre, and a citizen standing near by were struck by the debris, and Mr. Marshall was killed and others seriously wounded. Two passengers are reported killed and several severely wounded. The fireman of the passenger train is missing, and is supposed to be beneath the wreck.

THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT.

The Debate on the Reply to the Queen's Speech Continues.

By Angio-American cable to the Dispatch. LONDON, August 26 .- Thomas Sexton, Parnellite member for West Belfast, gave notice in the House of Commons this evening of his intention to move the following amendment to the

address in reply to the Queen's speech : "We bumbly represent to your Majesty that the circumstances accountable for the recent riots in Belfast dictate the necessity for special measures to maintain order there, the most urgent of these measures being the reestablishment of your Majesty's authority in the district, wherefrom the police have been expelled, by the increase of the local constabulary to such a strength as will enable it to deal

with any probable contingency." chael Hicks-Beach, Chief Secretary for Ireland, replying to Edward C. Russell (Gladstonean), who yesterday gave notice of his intention to move to day the adjournment of the House for the purpose of ascertaining if the Government's object in sending General Sir Redvers Buller to Ireland was to establish martial law, declared that the General was not sent to Ireland to establish martial law, nor to strain the ordinary aw, but merely to assist the civil an thorities in the work of preserving social order, and detecting and punishing crime. This reply was not deemed satisfactory by the Opposition, and Mr. Russell moved an adjournment of the House.

The whole Opposition, consisting of all the Gladstonean and Parnellite members, arose in support of the motion, and Mr. Russell proceeded to contend that the policy of the Government was to degrade Ireland to the level of a savage and barbarous country.

Mr. Harrington arose and said the league that did that was a local league, and not the Irwh National League. Mr. Edward Stanhope, Colonial Sec retary, announced that the Government hoped to open an emigration bureau during next October. They did not. he said, intend to promote emigration, but simply to circulate information of the kind most desirable for poor people thinking of going abroad to

Mr. Russell, speaking to his motion, said General Buller was known only aa military man. His appointmen uld not conduce to peace in Ireland. He (Mr. Russell) lamented the condition of Kerry. Such a condition exsted only in ill-governed countries Cheers. 1 The Government ought no o be handed over to the military, bu the utmost ought to be done to reorganiz civil authority. General Buller was chosen because he was a soldier. The Government doubtless thought that the work they would have to do would be soldiers' work. [Opposition cheers.] He hoped the result would not be simi lar to that of Clifford Lloyd's efforts. It had been predicted that Buller would treat the moonlighters like rebels, (Conservative cheers. | These cheers were significant that if the prediction should prove true it would establish a doctrine of constructive treason by creating a dangerous precedent. He appealed to the Opposition to support the motion. which was intended to prevent the subversion of the Constitution of the country. The Government's action was sensational, and opposed to all ideas of good statesmanship. The introduction of the military law was always regarded as a degradation of the civil laws. To put into the hands of the military the administration of jus

tice meant danger to the country fraught with mischief.

Lord Randelph Churchill said that Mr. Russell had made an earnest and exhaustive speech. He (Russell) held strong opinions and used strong language. He had warned them that the appointment of Sir Redvers Buller would imperfl civil and religious liberty, the freedom of the press, and the administration of justice, and would cause a conflagration over the whole of Ireland. [Laughter]. Supposing that Mr. Russell's motion was carried, what would be the effect ? Why, absolutely nothing. The House would adjourn and the day be lost, and when the members met agam General Buller would

be well on his way to Kerry. [Laughter].

William Vernon Harcourt thought the objection raised by Lord Churchill came with singularly bad grace from one who had formerly been so much in the habit of abusing the practice of moving as adjournment, and who had so frequently impeded the business of the ileuse by so doing. The Speaker strongobjected to the tone and spirit in which the appointment had been announced. It was apparently meant that General Buller was going to deal with armed rebels, and to shoo them without trial. Even if moonlighters were murderers such action was unjustifiable. He said that the reference to Sir Charles Warren was beside the mark, because that gentleman had no military authority whatever. The House ought to know the exact relation between General Buller and the civil authorities; it ought to know whether or not General Buller was independent of the chief inspector of the constabu-If the Government assured the purely military one, the opinions of Oposition would be materially modified. of the Government on this question, but he hoped Mr. Russell would with-

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chief Seccharacter of an officer as humane as he was brave. General Buller was selieved that he would act upment was a civil one, not a military one. General Buller would possess the roborated by five other Americans. powers of a divisional magistrate, enabling him to do all that was necessary to repress crime and outrage. The Inspector-General of the Constabulary had telegraphed that he would give General Buller his heartiest support. General Buller would report only to the Chief

draw his motion.

Secretary for Ireland. Mr. Russell's motion was finally reected by a vote of 241 to 146.

Wife-Murderer Hanged. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.] RICHMOND, IND., August 26 .- Nahaniel Stillman Bates was hanged here to-day. He made a speech saying he was guilty, and was glad and ready to die. Death resulted from strangulation in twelve minutes and twenty seconds. He was brave to the very last. The crime for which Bates was hanged was the murder of his wife on March 231 COLUMBUS, OHIO, August 26.-A | the murder of his wife on March 231 collision occurred about midnight at the | last, at Hagerstown, a little village north

GRIFFIN WINS.

NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS FROM THE SIXTH DISTRICT.

The Struggle in the Lynchburg Convention Ends Most Happily-The Ballots and Speeches.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.] LYNCHBURG, VA., August 26 .-The Democratic Congressional Convention of this district met this morning pursuant to adjournment, and afte transacting some unimportant business proceeded to cast the twenty-fifth bal lot, which resulted in 47 for Griffin, 57 for Hoge, 40 for Otey, and 29 for Figgat. It continued to ballot with unimportant results, save in frequent renewals of old nominations, until the thirty-second ballot was reached, when a resolution was adopted providing that no candidate, after being twice dropped, should be renominated.

Mr. Vines, of Botetourt, offered a resolution that the rules be so amended that no candidate nominated without his consent shall be dropped. This was adopted, and daylight could be seen. On the thirty-second ballot Griffin received 72, Edmunds 45, and Otey 56

On the thirty-third ballot Griffin received 72, and Otey 45-Botstourt, Halifax, and Charlotte declining to vote. On the thirty-fifth ballot Griffin and

Edmunds were both dropped. Figgat received 62, Otey 53, and Martin 58 Otev having been twice dropped bacame ineligible, and Mr. Williams, of Lynchburg, declared his fealty to Figgat, and made a speech for him. ford renewed the nomination of Griffia. and two of the Campbell delegates an-

nounced their intention to vote for him.

From this time it became evident that

a nomination was about to be made. The thirty-sixth ballot had been proceded with to this extent-viz., Bedford, 32 for Griffin; Batetourt, 15 for Figgat; Campbell, 16 for Griffia, 5 for Figgat : Charlotte, 17 for Martin : Montgomery, 13 for Griffio, 1 for Figgat; Roancke county, 10 for Griffin; Roanoke City, 6 for Griffin; Lynchburg, 13 for Figgat, 4 for Grillin, 2 for Martin-Halifax had not yet voted-when Charlotte asked for ten minutes' absence for consultation, which was granted. Griffin was now within 6 votes of the nomination, when Charlotte returned and immediately changed her vote from Mar-tin to 8 for Griffin and 9 for Figgat.

Halilax, seeing that her favorite so had lost all chance, gracefully added her 39 votes to Griffin's column, when amidst the wildest enthusiasm, the nomination of Major Samuel Griffin was made unanimous. The friends of the defeated candidates vied with the friends of the successful candidate in giving vent to loud and prolonge houts and a regular love-feast of hand shaking.

On motion of W. W. Berry, of Bed fork, a committee of one from each city and county delegation was appointed to wait upon Major Griffin an the other candidates and invite them to appear before the Convention.

The committee having performed their duty, Major Grifflin's appearance was enthusiastically received. He spoke briefly and felicitously, expressing thanks and promising his best efforts

He was followed by Edmunds of !I al ifax, Martin of Charlotte, Figgat o Betefourt, Hege of Montgomery, and Otey of Lynchburg, all of whom humorously referred to their respective defeats and pledged their hearty support to the nominee.

Senator Danied was loudly called for and made one of his grandest speeches in commendation of the nominee, and promised to be with them on the hust-

After a rising vote of thanks to Hon. W. N. Johnson, president of the Con-vention, the body adjourned under the happiest auspices.

A Little Boy Dies of Rabies Despite the Madstone.

Thy telegraph to the Dispatch. 1

CHICAGO, August 26 .- A special ispatch from Fort Worth, Tex., says: On the farm of W. K. Gandy, near this city, August 8th, a rabid dog bit Watter Gandy, four years old, in the fac-Several of the animal's teeth entered the esh in the cheek above the eye. The little boy did not suffer except from the laceration, but the parents at once took him to Denton, where a madstone was applied. It would not adhere, and it was said no virus had entered the sys-Not satisfied, the father took the tem. boy to Mansfield, where a second madstone was applied. It also refused to adhere. Saturday the little fellow said his throat was sore, and refused to cat. He would cry when water was brought near him and soon became frantic. Physicians went out from Fort Worth and exhausted their skill, but the boy grew worse, and a greenish foam issued from his mouth His piteous cries and contortions were simply horrible. A little playmate came to see him yesterday, and Walter snapped at him, biting him slightly it the face. The physicians fear that this boy has also been inoculated with the poison. Last evening the sufferer bacame quiet for a while and slept for a few moments. He awoke with a tremor. barked like a dog, bent himself nearly double, guashed his teeth, blood and foam gushed from his mouth, and he was dead. Mrs. Gandy, mother of the boy, is prostrated with grief. It is feared she will die from the shock.

Complaints Against Mexicans on the Texas Border.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] GALVESTON, Adgust 26 .- A spe cial from Eagle Pass to the News says House that the appointment was not a purely military one, the opinions of Op- Coahulia Mines Syndicate, makes a complaint to Consul Lynn of the con-He deprecated the provocative attitude stant and persistent annoyances inflieted upon the mining company by Mexican officers at Cuatro, Cien Egas, and San Pablo, imposing unjust fines for floating the American flag on retary for Ireland, said he would not American property, without first obfor the outrageous attacks upon the at San Pablo, for which offence the company was fined twenty dollars. Allen states that since the Cutting and lected because the Government be- Aresures affairs the annoyance has been more constant and the ill treatment o rightly, constitutionally, justly, and Americans in his locality more per-humanely. [Cheers.] The appoint sistent. Allen represents a Philadelphia company. His statements are cor-

Allen O. Myers Arrested

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.) CINCINNATI, O., August 26. Allen O. Myers, managing editor of the Enquirer, was arrested at the Enquirer office this morning and locked up on the charge of being a fugitive from justice. The arrest was made by order of Mayor Smith, who is in Columbus, and who telegraphed that Myers was wanted there on a charge of perjury, and that the warrant and an officer were on their way Cincinnati. Myers was at the Columbus Convention yesterday, and swere out a warrant before a magistrate charging ex-Auditor Cappellar, of this city, with bribery in connection with his election on the Republican State Committee yesterday. Myers then left for Cincinnati. Cappellar was arrested, and after being released caused associates are now considering the quos a warrant to be issued for the arrest of tion whether he can be silenced.

Myers for perjury. Comptroller Shelby, of this city, whose name was also mixed up in the charge of bribery, joined with Cappellar in the affidavit declaring that they knew nothing of any bribery.
Myers was released on bail about 3
o'clock.

Prince Alexander. [By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch.] RENI, August 26 .- The Czar has ordered that Prince Alexander be forwarded to Kisseneff if he refuses to accept his abdication as an accomplished act. The towns of Bulgaria are decked with flags, and there is general rejoicing

at the overthrow of the rebels. LONDON, August 26 .- The British Foreign Office has been informed that rince Alexander is both safe and free and that he is on his way to his home, n Darmstadt. The dispatches state that after being conveyed out of Bulgaria the Prince was set free at Reni. it is believed here that when Prince Alexander learns of the counter-revoation in his favor he will at once return to Sofia. His presence will, it is beleved, quall all disorder and restore peace.

LONDON, August 27 .- The Morning Post has a dispatch from Stamboul saying the greatest excitement prevails here, owing to the belief that Russia intends to occupy Bulgaria. The Military Department is in a state of feverish activity. Orders have been given to recruit 3,000 men in Syria. The Standard's Berlin correspondent

ays: "Emperor William, on hearing the seizure and kidnapping of Prince Alexander, wrote a sharp letter to the Czar, expressing amazement and indig-

When the King of Servia heard of the events at Sofia he said : "It is the greatest piece of infamy ever perpetrated in Europe. If I knew where Alexander was I would sacrifice all I possess to afford him assistance."

HOW ALEXANDER WAS DEPOSED. FOFIA, August 26 .- A single regiment of troops, with the assistance of number of military cadets, accomlished the work of deposing Prince Alexander. Before proceeding against he Prince the revolutionists arrested he commander of Prince Alexander's egiment, which was at Slivnitza. The rovisional Government, seeing that the epulace were violently loyal to the deosed Prince, resigned their office and berated the commander, who at once rought his regiment from Slivnitza and isarmed the regiment which had assist-

un d'etat. The Powers have recognized the lovernment formed by Karaveloff, with im as Premier; Sterloff as Foreign Minister, Panofen as Minister of War, and Gueshoff as Minister of Finance. the provisional Governmenthas assured he Ports that the movement in favor f Prince Alexander is not amicable to urkey, and has asked the Porte to repen the rarlway between Constanticople and Philippopolis.

d in deposing the Prince. After this

he commander placed under arrest the

olitical leaders who had managed the

ALEXANDER'S MOVEMENTS. VIENNA, August 26 .- The Czar has cermitted Prince Alexander to proceed Germany by way of Odessa.

LONDON, August 26 .- When Prince Alexander received the news of the uccess of his friends in Bulgaria he was deeply moved. He telegraphed to his father that he would visit Darmstadt anyhow before returning to Bulgaria.

The Russians at Reni treated Prince Alexander and his brother with indigity. They refused to allow even a ervant to accompany Alexander, say-

BUCHAREST, August 26.—Prince Alexander crossed the Austro-Russian rentier at Wolotchiska to-day. The eacht which conveyed Alexander to teni has returned to Rahova in charge of the mate, the captain having decamped at Reni. The crew is made up mostly of hads from the Solla Military

LONDON, August 26 .- Prince Alexander has arrived at Darmstadt.

RUSSIA REPUBLATES COMPLICITY. BERLIN, August 26 .- The Russian Government repudiates complicity in

the Bulgarian coup d'etat. London, August 26 .- The Russian Charge d' Affaires had an interview with the Foreign Secretary to-day. He protested against the insulting language f the English press and reaffirmed that the Czar had no knowledge of the Bulgarian conspiracy.

INVITED TO RETURN. LONDON, August 26 .- Sir J. Ferguon. Under Foreign Secretary, stated in he House of Commons this afternoon hat the loyal troops had entered Sofia n Tuesday with the consent of the Cowers. The exact whereabouts of Powers. Prince Alexander, the Secretary said, was unknown to the British Government, but telegrams had been forwarded to him inviting him to return and

The hituation in Relfast.

By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch ; BELFAST, August 26.—Everything quiet here to-day. Loose pavingones that have been used as missiles and broken glass mark the scene of ast night's riot. The Orangemen have alled a meeting for to-night to conorder and adopt the best means of helping to restore order.

Rev. Hugh Hanna, D. D., of St. Enoch's church, has published a letter n reference to the rioting yesterday evening on the Shank-Hill road. He advises all respectable residents of Belfast to remain at their homes as closely as possible for some days. He says he ears the Belfast disorders are to be revived in a worse form than ever, and that the future loss of life in riots will be much more dreadful than it has been hitherto. The soldiers, the Doctor save. will be obliged to fire upon the citi-

Thirty men who had been convicted f taking an active part in the recent iots were sentenced to-day to various erms of imprisonment-one of them to hirteen months. A number of other een arrested on the same charge were committed for trial.

A Sensational Diplomat in St. Peters

burg.
By Anglo-American cable to the Dispatch. ST. PETERSBURG, August 26 .and De Roulede, the French advocate shose presence here sgitating a union f Russia and France in a war against their common enemy-Germany has created such a sensation, has been given another banquet-this time by lussian authors, artists, and journalsts. The banquet was private. It is learned, however, that the tendency of all the toasts and speeches was to emphasize what the French lawyer described as "the unborn sympathy and "the tween France and Russia" beneficent influence which French and Russian literature and art exercise upon

Trouble Brewing.

[By Anglo-American caple to the Dispatch.] DUBLIN, August 25 .- The Express (Conservative) says that serious trouble is brewing in the Parnellite camp. The danger rises, the Express says, from the threatening attitude of a man who once was deep in the secrets of the " Parnellite conclave," and his former

NOT A CANDIDATE. SENATOR MAHONE DECLINES TO BE A

He Will Not Accept the Nomination in the Fourth District Under Any Circumstances.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] WASHINGTON, D. C., August 26 .-The Republican prints the following letter, received by a gentleman in Petersburg, Va., from Senator Mahone OLD POINT COMFORT, VA., ?

Dear Sir,-Any suggestion which

places me in the attitude of a candidate

for the nomination for Congress from

the Fourth district, or which, as if to

invite, conveys the implication that

I will accept the nomination if

tendered me tendered me is at once dis-tasteful and at variance with my unvarying and freely-expressed opinion in that connection. I protest that I be not put in either of these objectionable relations to the party and the district. I must and will repudiate every implication which presents me as a candidate or as willing to accept the nomination, which I do not desire. While always willing to serve where duty and the interests of the party command that I shall, I have never thought an emergency would come which might bring the party in this case to conclude that I ought to take the nomination, and that even then, in the event of such an unlikely contingency. a solution would be found to satisfy the paramount interests of conjunction. I have all along, during the past six months and more, said to numberless centlemen who desired that I hould consent to take the nomination that I did not desire a seat in Congress; that under no circumstances could I consent to be considered a candidate; that I could not conceive of an exigency likely to arise where party duty would or could compel the accentance of the nomination. I did not esire, nor could I allow, my name to be used to defeat the nomination of any candidate of good standing in the party. This has been my position, and I cannot allow it to changed. My desire has beenand that desire has been repeatedly expressed-that the people should be left ree, unimportaned by any aspirant or his friends, to choose the best man, unpledged to any person to represent him at the Convention, and that delegates so chosen, after an interchange of views with co-delegates from the cities and counties composing the district, would, with impressive unanimity, name the best man for Congress in the interest of the country, the State, the district, and the country, the Santa truly, the party. Yours truly, MAHONB.

Illinois Democratic Convention. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., August 26 .-The Democratic State Convention was called to order at noon by Hon. Alfre-Orendorf, chairman of the State Cen tral Committee. Hon. James W. Duncan was named as temporary chairman. Mr. Duncan in his speech gave unqualified praise to the Administration of President Cleveland.

The Convention hall was liberally supplied with circulars signed by the Executive Committee of the State Labor Association asking for a resolution abolishing prison contract labor.

H. J. F. Ricker, of Quincy, was nominated for State Treasurer, and Professor F. T. Oldt for Superintendent

of Public Instruction.

The platform reassirms the platform of principles adopted by the National Democratic party at the Chicago Convention which nominated Grover Cleveland for President and Thomas A. Hendricks for Vice-President, and con gratulates the country upon their election and the restoration of the Democratic party to power in the Administration of the National Government, and cordially approves the Administration of Presi dent Cleveland for its faithful adherence to the principles of the Democratic party and to the pledges made to the people before the election; and for its ability, integrity, and economy in the administration of national affairs; that the Democratic party, by its history and traditions, is pledged to the protection of all American citizens, both native-born and naturalized, while sojourning in foreign lands, and heartily commends the prompt and successful demand of President Cleveland's Administration for the release of an American citizen from unjust confinement in a Mexican prison; that the taxation of the people for other purposes than raising revenue for the expenses of the ernment economically administered is robbery under the form of law : that we are in favor of a reduction of the present unjust tariff to a revenue basis, and endorse the action of those Democratic representatives in Congress who were faithful to the cause of tariff reform; that we favor a financial policy in which gold and silver coin and paper currency convertible into coin on demand shall constitute the irculating medium; that the surplus in the national Treasury should be applied in payment of the national public debt, to the end that large accumulations in the Treasury beyond the proper necessities of the public service shall not ccur, thus assuring an honest and economical Government and relieving the people from unnecessary and oppressive xation; that we are opposed to the im-

portation of foreigners and aliens under contract to perform labor in the United states; that we demand such legislation by Congress as may be necessary to prevent such importation and as will fectually prohibit Chinese immigraon; that we demand the abrogation of all laws which do not bear equally apon capital and labor: that in enting all laws strict regard should be had for the rights of the laboring asses, and that wage-workers should protected from the oppressive power f monopolies, and encouraged in all awful efforts, organized or otherwise, o secure just compensation and to adance their social and material interests: that while we have no purpose Range of Thermometer Yesterday. to interfere with just laws for the regulation of traffic in intoxicating liquors. 9 A. M..... and for the prevention or corrections of the evils to society growing out of abuses in their sales, we declare that it s not the legitimate province of the Govrnment to control the habits, tastes, appetites, and liberties of people so ng as they are orderly and peaceable and do not encroach upon the rights others or of society.

therefore, declare that prohibition, by the Constitution or by general laws, for the manufacture or sale of vinous, malt, or spirituous liquors, would be in violation of individual and personal right and contrary to the fundamental principles of free government. That in common with the Democracy of the country we express our sympa

for home-rule, and our sincere hope that the effort now being made to give the right to govern themselves to the long-suffering and greatly-wronged Irish people shall be crowned with success. That the Democratic party favors liberal pensions to all wourded and disabled soldiers and sailors of the late

relatives of those who lost their lives in the defence of their country; and re-turns thanks to Congress for the liberal appropriations for this purpose. That we reaffirm the great principles which constitute the foundation of free

government, among which are equal rights to all men and exclusive privileges to none; the protection of the weak sgainst the strong; equal taxation, free speech, free press, schools, and above all a free and incor-

ruptible ballot. That we deplore the loss to the country occasioned by the death of those gallant Democratic soldiers. George B. McClellan and Winfield Scott Hancock, and of the eminent statesmen, Horatio Seymour, Thomas A. Hendricks, and Samuel J. Tilden, and we commend the example of their lives as worthy of all imitation.

Michigan Republican Nominations (By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., August 26.—The Republican State Convention met here vesterday and completed its labors to-day. The ticket is as follows: Cyrus G. Luce, Governor; James H. McDonald, Lieutenant-Governor; Gil., R. Osmun, Secretary of State; George L. Maltz, Treasurer; Henry H. Aplin, Auditor; General Moses Taggart, Attorney-General; Roscoe D. Dix, Commissioner of Land Office; Joseph S. Estabrook, Superintendent of Public Instruction: S. S. Babcock, member of the State Board of Education. The platform declares in favor of

tariff upon imported products of lowpriced foreign labor fairly and justly distributed, so as to protect the interests of American without adding to their burdens.

It favors intelligent organizations of labor for such worthy purposes as mutual education, and for the protection of their interests in all things relating to their welfare and to the industrial welfare of the country, and favors the enactment of State and national laws providing for the settlement of controersies between employers and employees by methods of voluntary arbitration, or by the establishment of courts of conciliation, which will avoid the waste, loss, and ill feeling resulting from strikes and lockouts, and the usual burden and expense of litigation.

It opposes further importation of Chinese in this country, or of any other foreign laborers under the contract system, and favors any plan for the relief of free labor from competition of con-vict labor which does not impose upon free labor a greater expense of supporting convicts in idleness or useless labor. and favors the adoption of laws providing for the protection of workers in our mines and other hazardous callings; for the regulation of the labor of children, and for such other measures as will sustain and improve the material and social welfare of our industrial population.

It opposes the doctrine of the so-called Anarchists, and believes in the most perfect protection to each and every in dividual in the enjoyment of the fruits of all of his personal efforts to earn an honest livelihood.

It expresses sympathy with the oppressed of other lands, and especially with the Irish nation in their gallant struggle for the sacred right of selfgovernment. Their cause is one which should not appeal in vain to libertyloving and liberty-enjoying people, and we congratulate them that, under the leadership of Charles Stewart Parnell, the cause has been espoused by the Liberal party of Great Britain and championed by Gladstone, the greatest Englishman of the age.

Texas Republican Convention.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.) WACO, TEXAS, August 26 .- The Republican State Convention to-day nominated the following ticket: For Governor, A. M. Cochran, of Dallas for Lieutenant-Governor, Lock Daniels, of Grimes; for Assistant Justice of the Supreme Court, W. H. Burkhardt, of Fort Bend; for State Treasurer, Frank Cleves, of Coke; for Comptroller, J. M. Brown, of Tarrant; for Commissioner of the Land-Office. A. Zadick, of Navarro; for Attorney-General, C. W. Johnson, of Young; for Superintendent of Public Instruction,

H. Kline, of Harris, The platform adopted by the Convention favors the submission of a prohibition amendment to the Constitution to a vote of the people; opposes the leasing of convicts, and demands their confinement within the walls of the penitentiaries; denounces the oppression of mercantile and laboring interests by monopolies, and favors the Blair

educational bill. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Judge C. C. Brinkly, General Grant, and Samuel J. Tilden were adopted. The Republicans of the State declare

they have no hope of electing their ticket.

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists

(By telegraph to the Dispaten.) HARRISBURG, August 26 .- The State Prohibition Convention completed its labors to-day. A full ticket was nominated—as follows: Charles S. Wolffe, for Governor; A. A. Parker, Lieutenant-Governor; Charles L. Hawley, Auditor; General John M. Emory, Secretary of Internal Affairs; and Rev. J. M. Palmer (colored), congressman at large. Palmer is an eloquent speaker, and divided with Wolffe the honors of the Convention. At the conclusion of one of his speeches the Convention joined in chanting the negro hymn "Keep in de Middle of de Road," while Palmer walked up the aisle and shook the outstretched hands of scores of delegates.

The platform is composed of fourteen resolutions, nearly every one of them long.

LATE WEATHER REPORT. [By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

WASHINGTON, August 27-1 A. M .- For Virginia and North Carolina. fair weather, southerly winds, nearly stationary temperature. The weather in Richmond yesterday was clear and hot.

Mean temperature.......814 NEEDS.

NEW CROP GERMAN CLOVER. Just imported a large lot of this year's crop SEED. Every farmer and stock-raiser should sow this valuable early spring crop. T. W. WOOD & SONS,
No. 10 south Fourteenth street, and corner Sixth and Marshall streets, au 25-44t, switchwit

WOOD AND COAL,

10,000 CUSTOMERS WANTED.
Best West Virginia SPLINT COAL, Best
West Virginia SPLINT COAL, Best
West Virginia ATEAM COAL, Perfect preparation of coal and satisfactory prices.
S. P. LATHROP & CO.,
au 25 Seventeenth street at draw-bridge. thy with Ireland in her great struggle ARTIST SUPPLIES.

BEST ASSORTMENT SOUTH OF Pulladelphia at low figures. PAINTERS' and FINISHERS' SUP-BINSWANGER & CO., PLIES. au 11-1m war and to the widows and dependent 210 east Broad street.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 26.—The leading feature of to-day's stork market was its extreme duiness. The indisences which may be said to have had an effect upon the nearket were unfavorable in the morning, the advance in the discount rate of the cank of Engism being generally regarded as a bear argument. The reports from the West of the cutting of rates by the Baltimore and Uhio bad some little effect. In the afternoon the statements of the Pennsylvania, Fric, and Northwest were issued, the latter being especially invorable. The fall in the rates for sterling exchange, in consequence of the offerings of commercial bills and the lack of inquiry, was announced. Trading was decidedly of a retail character throughout the day. Kansas and Texas was down by per cent. Prices made some slight advances in the carly trading, but soon gave way, Western I nion recovering a drop of I per cent. Prices were lowest shortly before noon, after which the market continued firm until the close, which was generally at small fractions better than the opening. New York and Northeast was the most active stock. Sales, 118 cookshares. The final changes are in no case for more than fractional amounts, the advances being in the majority. NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Henel amounts, the advances under the majority of the majority Georgia 6's.
Georgia 7's. mortgage.
North Carolina consol 6's.
North Carolina 4's.
South Carolina Brown con. ast Tennessee Kallroad..... sville and Nashville... phis and Charleston. sew York Central. Sorfolk and Western preferred.... Northern Pacific preferred... nd and Alleghany...

ific preferred... Western Union PALTIMORE STOCK MARKET. BALTIMORE. Mb., August 26.-Virginia 6-40's, with coupons, 40; do, new 3's, 68%.

Ind to-day. RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE THUESDAY, August 28, 1886. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. Bid. Asked nited States d's... 125 42 4.954 Lynchburg city & s ..... chmond city 6's
chmond city 4's
chmond city 4's
RAILROAD HONDS 

RAILROAD STOCKS. Par. tersburg Ratiroad...... BANK STOCKS. 
 Citizens Savings
 25
 25%

 City
 25
 27

 Merchants and Planters
 25
 ...

ORAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE BICHMOND, August 26 1886. OFFERINGS. WHEAT.-White, 440 bushels, Mixed, 786 bushels, Red, 4,602 bushels, Total, 828 bushels. Coun.-White, 600 bushels. Mixed, 950 OATS.-1.756 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY, WHEAT.—White, 328 bushels common to good at 73 to 86c. Mixed, 2.400 bushels prime on private terms; 1.716 bushels common to prime at 75 to 94c. Red. 600 bushels prime Longberry on private terms; 628 bushels to y good Longberry at

berry at 73 to 88c. 8 - Winter, 112 bushels fair to prime OATS - Willier, 112 business at a to a fall of a 40 to 44 to .

RYR. -20 businels very good at 45c.

MEAL. -22 businels country-holted at 55c.

ORDIAND-GRASS SARD. -100 businels of prime at \$1.80.

FLOUR. We quote: Fine, \$2.50a\$2.75; superfine, \$3a\$3.25; extra, \$3.50a53.75; family, \$4a\$4.50; patent family, country, \$4.75a\$5.25. COTTON REPORT.

Market dull, quotations, Good Middeling, -954c. MIDDLING, - 1/4c. Low MIDDLING, - 8/4c. RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET. Acoust 26, 1886, Market to-day rather better. A large lot

of fine cutters are reported sold high up in the twenties. Some common fillers changing hands at unsatisfactory prices on account of bad order. Dark tobaccos quiet. RICHMOND MARKETS. THURSDAY, August 26, 1866. COUNTRY PRODUCE. Butter, Eggs, Fowls, Lard, Corn Meat.

Britter: Choice new, 16a18c., netive; good o prime, 14a16c.; poor to fair, dasc. 1.ve Fowis: Hers, large, gonizão. Spring Chickens: Large, 20a25c.; small, Cat5c. Eggs: Fresh, 14a15c., active; state stock,

Eggs: Frest, 14a15c, active; state stock, 5a8c., dull.
Lard; Country, 7a8c, active, Corn Meai: 50a55c, per busnel for country; \$90, for city mills.

Fruits and Vegetables,
Tomatoes: \$0a50c, per busnel box, Cabbage: \$1as2 per hundred,
Peaches: Choice, per busnel box, \$1a\$2; half busnel box, 7cas1: 2 peck box, 50a75c,
Pears: Bartlett, \$1a\$2 per box: Bickle, 75ca\$1:25 per box: Duchess, 75a\$1:25 per box. watermelons: Extra large

Potatoes: Irish choice, new. \$1.75a32 a barrel, active; Culls, 56a75c, as barrel. Onlone: 56a75c, per bushel box. Heans: Hand-picked, \$1 per bushel, dull; mixed, 75a85c, per bushel, bull; mixed, 75a85c, per bushel. Green and Dried Fruits.

Apples: Green, choice, 51a51.50 per barrel, netive; common, 75c.a51 per barrel. Dried Fruit; Apples-Bright quarters, 2a 29; Bright shood, 2c. Blackberries, 5c.; cherries, 75;a8c, Peaches-Pecied, 8a9c.; anpecied, 35;c. inpecied, 350. luspherries: 10allo.

Miscellaneous,
Becswax: 20c. per pound.
Black-Cark Bark: Rossed, 311 per 2,240
pounds: black-cark and chestnut, rough, \$8
per 3,000 pounds.
Feathers: Frime live-goose, 40a45c.; com-

Feathers: Frime live-goose, 40445c.; common, 25c.
Fiaxseed: \$1831.05 per busnel.
Hay: No. 1 timothy, \$14; No. 2, \$12a
\$12.50, nominal; mixed cloverand timothy,
\$138512.50; clover, \$10a\$12.
Mill-Offini: Brownstuff, \$14 per ton; bran,
\$13.50a\$15 per ton; shipstaff, \$14 per ton; bran,
\$13.50a\$15 per ton; shipstaff, \$14 per ton;
Baled Oats: 68x70c.
Reots: Ginseng, \$1.60a\$1.70 per pound;
Seneca, free of tops, 40a45c, per pound,
Peanuls: 4a5c, active, as to quality.
Nye: 65a875c, per bushel.
Sumac: Prime, 73ca\$1.
Shucks: 50a55c.
Raied \$1mw: 40a45c, nominal.
Tallow: 4a5c, per pound.
Wool: Washed, 30a31c.; unwashed, 23a
23c. Eurry will bring from 3 to 5c. per
pound less than the above rates.
CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, 4C.

CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, 4C. CEMENT, LIME, PLASTER, &C.
Coment: Rosendale, \$1.35 per barrel.
James River, \$1.35.
Limes: Agricultural, Saloc. per bushel;
Rockland, \$1.1035.15 per barrel, according
to quantity; Virginia, \$1a31.05.
Flasler: Limp, \$4 per ton; ground, \$7.50;
calcined plaster, \$1.75.
North Carolina Tar: Large size, \$3; Coal
Tar, \$4.
Fite Bricks: \$40a345 per 1.000.
Plastering Hair: 4c, per pound.
DRUGS, DYESTUFFS, OILS, &C.
Alum: 4c.

Alum: 4c. Alcohol: \$2.25a\$2 35 per gallon. Concentrated Lye: \$2.75a\$3.50 per case of Sour dozen.
Copperas: 1a2c.
Cochineai: 50c. per pound.
Extmet of Logwood: 12)/c.
Indigo: 75a90c.
Madder: 10a12c
Olis: Linused, 50c.; machine, 25a75c.;
Sperm, 51. 10a51.25; whale, 65c.; straits, 35a
40c.; tabrador-cod oli, 40a50c.; lard, 55a
40c.; sweet, 36 per dozen; best salad, 58.50;
castor, 51.60 per gallon; Virginia lubricating, 15a40c.; kerosene, 9c., cash per gallon.

castor, \$1.240c.; Reconstitute, 15a40c.; Reconstitute, 15a40c.; Reconstitute, 15a12c., in kegs; American, Soda: Sal., 15a12c., in kegs; American, Soda: Sal., 15a12c., in kegs; American, Soda: Sal., 15a12c.

Harmony, 4se.; Ashland solid, 5a,
Bleached shiritings and Sheetings; 5eeurity, 4se.; 7-8 Jack Horner, 6a; 1-6
Edward Harris, 6c.; 4-6 Fairmoni, 6c;
4-6 Peinem Q, 6c; 4-6 Galdator, 7c;
4-6 Brker, 7sc.; 4-4 Farewell, 7sc.; 4-5 Freque, 10c.; 10-4 Monsdnock, 15c.; 15-6
Pequot, 25c.
Brown Cottons; Manchester 4-4 A. A., 6c;
R. R., 6c; James River & O. Q., 6c.; James
River H. H., 6c.; James River D. D., 6c.

Candy: S'420c, per pound, as to quality Lemous: Messina, 55afe, per hox. Oranges: Valencia in boxes, 5ea56.60, GROCERIES, 4C.

GROCKRIES, 4C.

Bacon: Clear-rib sides, 8c.; shoulders 75/c.; Virginia shoulders, 8c.; Virginia shoulders, 8c.; Virginia shams, fancy, 14/c.; sugar-cured, 14c.; sulk-sides, 75/c.; bulk shoulders, 7c.
Bockets: Painted, two hoops, 21.58c, 15-6; three hoops, 21.60a1/75.
Brooms: Two strings, 81.50a2/2; three strings, 82a32; four strings, 82a32; three strings, 82a32; four strings, 82a33.

Baskets: Willow, \$1.15a31.30 per nest; spiit, 50a75c, per dozen.
Coffee: Rio, common, 9c.; fair to prime, 10/calle; Laguayra, 10/calle; java, 18a22c.
Candles: Adamantine caudies, 10a106

prime, 10;4a11c.; Lagrusyra, 10;a11c.; Java, 18a22c.
Candles: Adamantine candles, 10a10e per set, 13;e, per pound; half-boxes, 10c.; tallow, 14c.
Cheese: Northern and western prime cutting, 10c.; good, 6a8; c.; pine-apple, 25c. Fish: Herrings-North Carolina Gross, new, 4; North Carolina Gross, 15c. 7c. 20c. 20c. 52,23; Eastern, 53a53,00; Mackerei-No 1, Hay, nalf-barrels, 513; No, 2; in barrels, 52; No, 3, Fal. Klimmed Mackersh, 57,50; No, 1, in kits, 51,50; No, 2, in kits, 51,50; No, 3, in kits, 51,50; No, 2, in kits, 51,50; No, 3, in kits, 51,50; No, 2, in kits, 51,50; No, 3, in kits, 51,50; No, 51,

Teas: Black, 25s50e.; imperial, 25a75e.; gunpowder, 85c.aft. Tubs: Cedar, \$2.25af3 a nest; pine, \$1.45a \$2.25 a nest. Washboards: Wooden, \$5c.a\$1.25; zinc, \$1.50a\$2.25.

Ale: Scotch (best brands), plats, \$1.90s \$2 per dozen, gold.
Emandles: Domestic, \$1.10a\$1.50; fruit, 75c.a\$1; apple, new, \$1.20a\$1.75; Virginia pench, \$1.75a\$2.25.

Bye Whiskeys: Medium, \$1.50a\$2; pure cid, \$3a\$4; Virginia mountain, new, \$1.75a\$2; old, \$2a\$5 and upwards.
Gin: Domestic, \$1.10a\$1.50; Imported, \$5.50a\$5,75 per case, New England Rum; \$1.50a\$1.65.

Rectified Whiskeys: \$1a\$1.50. LIQUORS, WINES, AC.

New England Rum: V. Retlifed Whiskeys: \$1a\$1.50, LUNDER, STAVES, &C. LUMBER: White oak, cut to order, \$15a \$20 per 1.000; on market, \$9a\$12.50; per 1.000; Western Virginia white pine, \$15a\$26 per 1.000; Western Virginia white pine, \$15a per 1.000; West Virginia white pine, \$15a per 1.000; Vellow pine—rough boards, \$15a per 1.000; Vellow pine—rough boards, \$15a per 1.000; Vellow pine—Pine, \$15a per 1.000; Vellow pine, \$15a per 1.000; per 1.000; West Virginia white pine \$15a \$55 per 1.000; Wellow pine-rount beard, \$8; dry clear, \$12a515; bolst, \$2a515, ac-cording to size and tengths. \$1.8hingles-Pine, \$1.75a\$2.50; cypress, 6-inch. \$4a56 per 4.000; sajs, \$4a58. Lathe-Split, \$1; sawed, \$1.75a\$2 per 1.000. Stavis: Whiskey-barrel timber, green, \$1:8820 per 1.000; seasoned, \$208,225 per 1.000; seasoned, \$208,225 per 1.000. Machine staves. \$6.50087; turned heading, 7c, per set. Flour-barrel poles, \$4.95. Flour-barre

FUNDER SHOT, 4C, FUNDER SHOT, 4C, FUNDER: Toy's mining, 35a65c, per 100 feet, Fowder: 54.25 per keg; blasting, \$2.30; nining, \$2.75. Shot: Northern, \$1.50 per bag of 25 wornds. Grindstones: 1502c, per pound,

Clover: \$6.75aS7.25. Timothy: \$2.25as2 50. Orehard-Grass: \$1.50as2. Herd Grass: 75c

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. NEW YORK YORK, August 26.—Cotton easy; 31 bales, uplants 9 c; Orleans, c; net receipts 2,294 bales; stock, bules, Flour sear, Wheat declined gust, 324,c; September, 324, 33 a834,c, Hops du l and Codee fair; Rio firm at \$10 7. 38.50, Sugar firm Sugar Drm;

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE. MD. August 24.—Cotton lowershid dult; middling, see, Frour steady and quiet. Wheat—Southern sleady and quiet western lower; southern red, 87a 90c., southern amber, 89a 92c.; No. 2 western winter red, spot. 87a,87%c; August, 87ac tid; September, 87aa 87a; c; October, 88aa 88a; c; November, 89aa 91a; Corn—Southern lower and quiet; western lower and quiet; southern white, 4ca 50c.; Southern yellow, 51a 51a; western lived, spot. 59aa 90c.; August, 49a 60c.; August, 49a 60c.; August, 49a BALTIMORE.

to Liverpool per steamer quiet. CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI. August 26. - Floor in fair demand. Wheat stronger; No. 2 red. 800, Coth firm; No. 2 mixed, 43%. Oats weaker; No. 2 mixed, 43%. Ver firm; No. 2, 54c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Whishey steady at \$1.10. Shear quiet. Hogs steady; common and light, \$3.9034.70; packing and butchers, \$4.45a\$4.85.

ST. LOUIS. Sr. Louis, August 26.—Flour weak. Wheat declined Le. early, and closed ket below yesterday: No. 2 red. cash. 70c.; September, 78/a78/c; October, 81/a88/c; November, 83/a88/c. Com Lake, lower No. 2 mixed, cash. 32a38/c.; September, 38/a 

So. 87a 36.95. Hame, \$12.75a 313.50.
CHICAGO.
CHICAGO. August 2d.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat weaker, August, 77a. 77.c.; September, 77.a.75.40.; October, 79a. 800.40.; No. 2 spring, 770.c.; No. 2 red., 70c. Corn weaker, cash. 41%c.; August, 41%a41%c.; September, 41%a42%c.; October, 43%44. Oats easier; cash. 26a26%c.; Angust, 25.%c.; Beptember, 25.%c.; October, 43%44c. Oats easier; cash. 26a26%c.; Angust, 25.%c.; Beptember, 25.%c.; October, 43%44c. Oats easier; cash. 26a26%c.; October, 45%4c. Hilled, and closed 25%abc. Ower; cash. 85.252385.55; September, 10.5ta59.55; Cetober, 10.80a59.65. Lard casher under increased orderings and closed 5c lower; cash. 37.22a; September, 87.25a. 47.35; Cetober, 26.6a26.70. Short rib side steady; cash. 56a26.70. Short rib side steady; cash. Side 174; Eoxed-meats slow and unchanged; dry-saired shoulders, \$5.75a5.87s; short clear sides, 55.0a54.65. Whiskey steady at \$1.15. Sugars steady and unchanged.

and unchanged.

REVIEW OF THE CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO. August 26.—Wheat unsettled and irregular to-day within a narrow range. The feeling was easier, and the market closed \$\frac{1}{2}\sigma\_0\$. Lower than yesterday. Cables were less warlike, which occasioned free offerings. Vessel-700m was engaged for 100.000 bushels. Corn ruled weaker under the influence of large receipts and closed to lower. Vessel-700m was taken for 400.000 bushels. Outs ruled lower, and closed \$\frac{1}{2}\sigma\_0\$. Cuts ruled lower.

were a shade easier all round.
LOUISVILLE.
LOUISVILLE. August 26.—Wheat—No. 2 red. 72c. Corp.—No. 2 mixed, 44c. Oats—New, 28c. Provisions steady. Bacon—Clear-ribsides 87, 25; stroniders. 84.50. Enix-mests—Charrib sides, \$4.50; clear sides, \$6.755. Mess-pork, \$10.50, liants—Sugar-cured, 12a130. Lard—Choice leaf, \$8.

WILMINGTON. WILMINGTON, N. C., August 28.—Turpen-ine firm at 38c. Roein firm; strained, 5c.; good, 80c. Tar firm at \$1.20. Crade urpestine firm; hard, 75c.; reliow-dip and drgin, \$1.80.

virgin, 31.80.
COTTON MARKETS.

NORFOLE, VA., August 26.—Cotton quiet;
middling, 9c. Net receipts, 93 bales;
gross receipts, 93 bales; stock, 3.365
bales; slaes, 17 bales; exports—coastwise,
32 bales; to Great Britsin, — bales; to

32 bales; to Great Britain, — bales; to France, — bales. WILMINGTON, N. C. August 26.—Cotton steady; middling sc. Net receipts. — bales; gross receipts. — bales; sales. — bales; stock, 203 bales; exports—cossivine. — bales; to the Continent. — bales. SAVANNAH. GA. August 26.—Cotton steady; middling, 8½6. Net receipts, 278 bales; stock, 3 882 bales; exports—cossivine. — bales; to che Continent bales; to Great Britain, — bales; to Great Britain, — bales; to France. — bales. Accusta. Ga. August 26.—Cotton quiet; middling, 8½6., shipments, 23 bales; sales, 20 bales.

20 bales.

20 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 28.—Cotton quiet; middling. Sic. Not receipts, 30 bales; gross receipts, 30 bales; sales, 60 bales; slock, 1.72; tales; exports—te Great Sritain, — bales; to the Continent, — bales; constwise, — bales; to France, — bales.

NEW YORK COTTON VICTIONS NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, August 28.—Cobton—Net receipts. 42 baffe; gross receipts. 1.012 bales,
fragues, 53.09afs.11; September. 59.09a
39.00; Gctober. 59.10a59.11; November.
59.12359.13; Becember. 59.1da59.17 Jauuary, 59.24; February, 59.32a59.53; March,
59.4659.41; April. 39.58af9.49; May 39.54a
39.57; June. 59.04a59.65; July. 59.72a59.7 3 NORFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

[Reported for the Dispatch.]
Noncolar, August 26.—Market quiet;
prime, 3/44c.; fancy, 4cc.; common, 142a.;
abelled, 242/jc.; factory hand-picked, 6/46
ke. Prints: Merrimack, 5%: Merrimack